

The Future of Advanced (Secure) Computing

An Inherently Secure Computer

This material is based upon work supported by the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering under Air Force Contract No. FA8721-05-C-0002 and/or FA8702-15-D-0001. Any opinions, findings, conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering.

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Dr. Hamed Okhravi MIT Lincoln Laboratory 5 March 2018



Motivation

Cyber requirements for mission success:

- Reliable, timely response
- Secure communications over untrusted networks
- Secure backend computing infrastructure



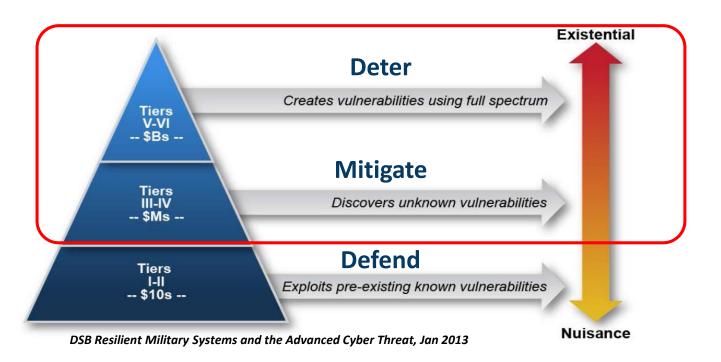
Example problems: Industrial control systems, military, voting systems, etc.





Cybersecurity Challenges

- Prevalent use of COTS/GOTS components in DoD systems
- None of these components has security built in
- Cyber defenses are often patchwork with intangible benefits
- Protections are often limited to best practices (i.e., hygiene)
- Little protection against Tier III-VI adversaries



Tiers based on dollars invested by attackers





Secure Systems Lay of the Land

1960s	1970s	1980s	1990s	2000s	2010s		2020s	
	Inherently Insecure Systems Built-in Defenses		Inherently Secure Systems					
MULTICS, Project M	AC PDP-11	x86,	x86, Windows, Linux		Intel Skylake, DARPA CRASH, and MRC		Inherently Secure Computer	
Time-sharing operating system	Predecessor to n processors and popularized Image: state st	OSes;	stems we use today	Trend tov built-in def			Fundamental redesign for security	

Resilient mission computer seeks to redesign hardware and software for security, fundamentally changing the paradigm of adding defenses to legacy systems



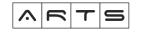


Vision

• Vision

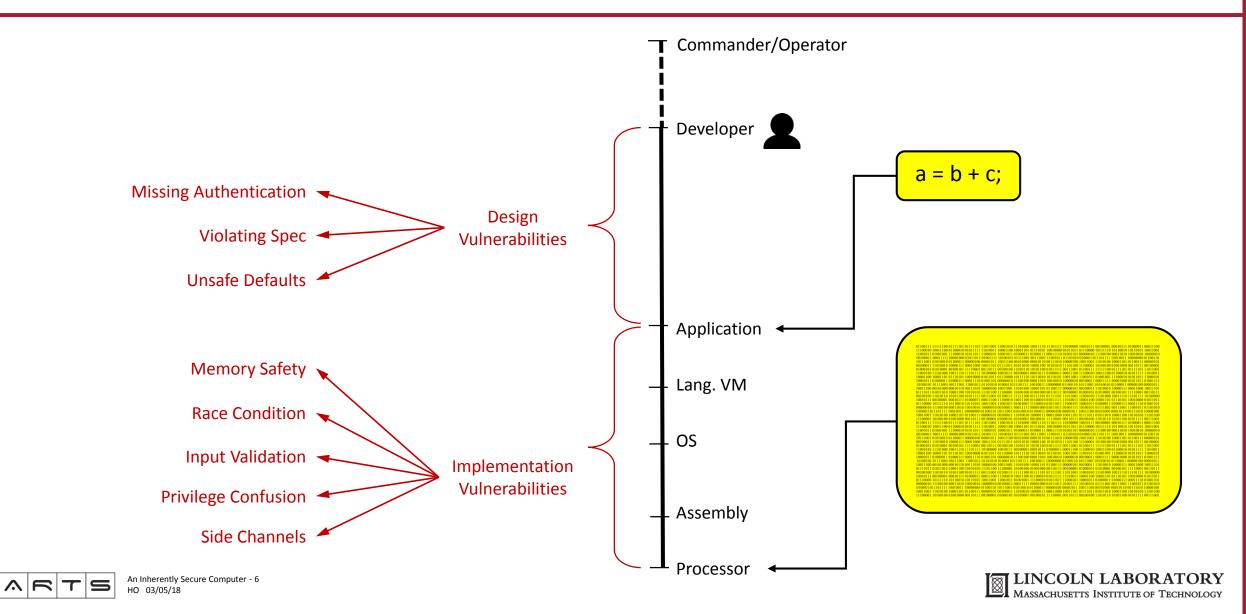
Create the inherently secure computer system of the future

- Goals
 - Create an inherently secure processor design
 - Implement the processor and integrate with proper software stack
 - Demonstrate it for a use case
 - Expand to other use cases
- Impact
 - Novel rethinking of computer architecture with security as a central goal
 - Demonstration on a mission use case
 - Reshape the cybersecurity landscape

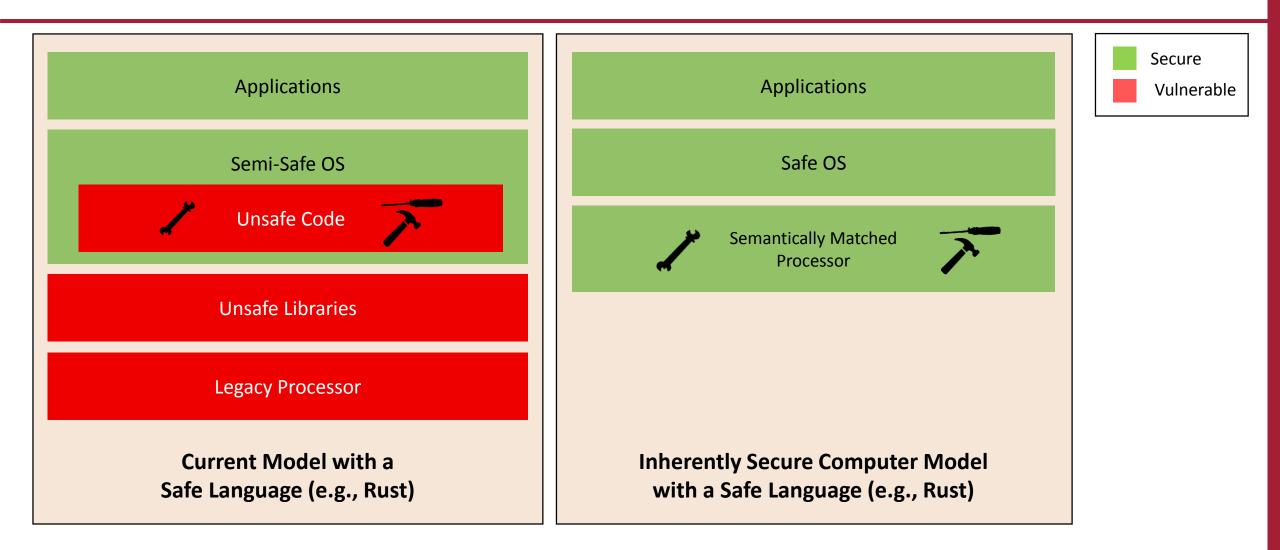




Problem Statement



Vision for Processor and OS Components

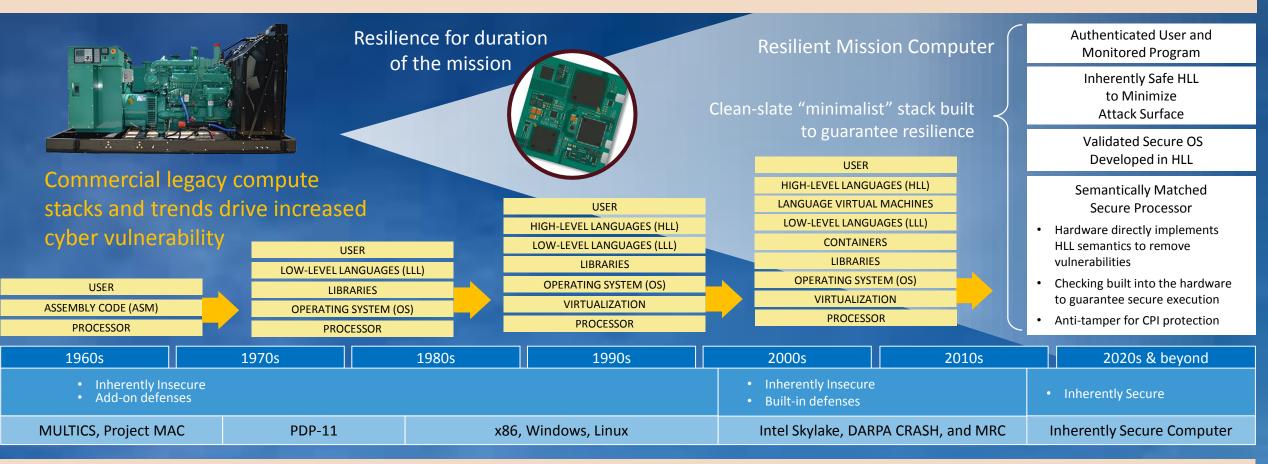






Broader Vision

Vision: Create a secure-by-design system in which the mission can succeed regardless of attempted attacks



New computer architecture provides inherent security and guarantees mission success





Technology Enablers for Inherently Secure Computer



Validated, Secure OS

- Preventing large classes of attacks using safe languages
- Security enforced among all software layers



Semantically Matched Secure Processor

- Semantically rich processor aware of security requirements
- Assured enforcement of security checks in the processor



Monitored Program

- Monitoring mission requirements
- Detecting hard-to-prevent attacks



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Authenticated User



Anti-Tamper

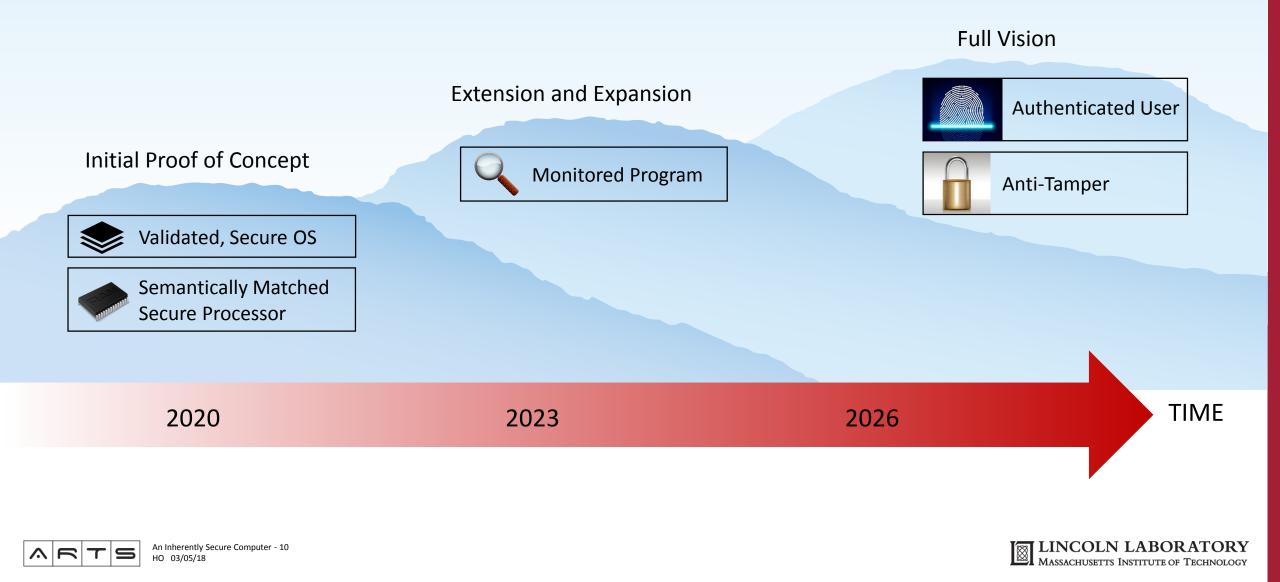
- Strong continuous authentication
- Proper attribution of actions

- Cyber seals to detect tampering
- Side channels to detect supply chain attacks





Time Horizons for Technology Enablers



Current Campus Collaboration and Opportunities

- Current Collaboration:
 - Dr. Howie Shrobe (HW Security)
- Opportunities:
 - Operating Systems
 - Programming Languages
 - Compilers
 - Formal Methods
 - Architectures
 - Secure Enclaves
 - Al
 - Cryptography









- Large classes of attacks are possible because of legacy design choices
- Inherently Secure Computer envisions a rethinking of computer architecture with 'security' as its central goal
- A combination of hardware and software innovations aim to prevent attacks by design
- It aims to provide a more even playing field for defenders
- Focus is on 'mission success' rather than general notions of security
- We are looking for new collaboration opportunities

